Portland Me.
Feb. 3. 1875.

Dear Mr Brewster:-

I was very sorry that I had no opportunity of calling upon you, during my flying visit to Newtonville, but take this method of expressing my thanks for the kindness and attention you showed me, during my "apprenticeship." To the other gentlemen of the Nuttall Club

I am under obligations for two exceedingly pleasant evenings, passed in their company, and it would give me great pleasure to thank each one, personally.

Partly from your advice, partly from the unusual number of Winter birds that I find at home, I have decided not to go to Florida, this year, and have already begun to collect. If I get "stuck" may I write you? Should you find time to reply to this note, will you give me your address? And I am also anxious to know whether you

think I may find "princeps" in
this vicinity; if so, when to
look for it.

Respectfully, Your Friend
Nathan Clifford Brown

Blumm N.G.
Sept. 23 - 1873

Portland, Me.
Feb 14 1875.

Dear Mr Brewster:-

Your letter of Feb. 3. did not reach me till day before yesterday, for some unknown reason. When at your house I fully intended to purchase a copy of Audubon, and had almost decided to take yours at the very cheap price at which you offered it to me. But I have now so many projects for collecting, etc., that for the present I have given up the idea of

buying. Many thanks for your kindness in notifying me before advertizing.

The exceedingly cold weather, rather than the deep snow, has kept me much in the house, but I have had my hands full in attending to the common birds, which, of course, are all acquisitions to me. I have also obtained several ducks in the market.

I've had some sport with the ornithologist of this locality, who has a marsh hawk labelled "accipiter fuscus," (he says its shins are sharp!) a female pin-tail, "gadwall," and other curiosities in nomenclature. For all this he is a first-

class fellow, a splendid taxidermist, and really knows a great deal about birds. The possession of a short-eared owl, which is labelled "scops asio," gives him great satisfaction.

In his new book Dr Brewer honors you by the title of "one of our most promising young naturalists". I should think you would be overwhelmed. But what I want to get at is that "states you believe in Tyrdus aliciae;— do you? Mr Maynard does not, but it seems to me, judging entirely of course from written testimony, that it is a good species.

I have written to the post-

master upon the envelope, as I do not know any definite address.

With regards to all the gentlemen of the Nuttall Club, I remain ever

Your Sincere Friend
Nathan Clifford Brown.

Brown Univ.
Ms. 11-1875

Portland, Me.
March 1 1875.

Dear Mr Brewster:-

I received your letter of Feb. 21. in due season. When I get into trouble I shall certainly avail myself of your permission to apply to you for assistance.

Since I wrote you before I have made several excursions into the woods, and each time have come back thoroughly exhausted from

wading through the deep snow, and with nothing of importance in my bag. On one occasion a magnificent bald eagle sailed by me, but out of gunshot.

Red crossbills were quite abundant up to Feb 2nd; on the 4th I took a female, and since then have seen none of this species. The day the warm weather began I was much interested in watching the grosbeaks. Instead of frequenting small larches and firs, as usual, they assembled in the

Boston Mass.
May 1st 1875

Dear Folks are all here but
Lee & Shepard are not in town
and probably will not be
be found. A large number of
friends made their calls yesterday
lately, and left cards
the residence of the parents
Ed. & Nelson of those invited
Chestnut Street, were
found in the city, [illegible]
weekend bills, [illegible]
terest you.

Nothing to [illegible]
you except [illegible], with regards
to all the members of the S. C. C.

Give my dear friends
Yours Affectionately

Written for the Portland Transcript.

FOREIGN VS. NATIVE BIRDS.

To Editors of the Transcript:—There seems to be little doubt that a colony of European sparrows has established itself with us, and small flocks can be seen daily in some parts of the city. People generally are disposed to welcome the little strangers, expecting that they will devour the caterpillars which destroy the foliage of our beautiful elms. If they are provided, as they have always been elsewhere, with comfortable boxes and materials for nests, and with food in cold weather, they will probably repay such kindness by doing their best towards exterminating the caterpillars. But let us encourage our native birds, by equal kindness, and will not the result be the same? The effect of "patronizing home industries" is shown upon the grounds of a gentleman in this city, where there are many beautiful shade trees, and caterpillars are very rarely seen. In this place, perhaps ten acres in extent, there were reared last year, to my knowledge, no less than forty broods of robins and different kinds of finches, besides other birds in proportion. The European sparrows are not needed there. The trouble usually is, that people who provide houses and boxes for the sparrows, never think of doing anything of the sort for our native birds.

But there is a decided objection to these foreigners, from the fact that they drive away our own sweet songsters. The testimony of such ornithologists as Mr. Bidgway, of the Smithsonian Institution, Dr. Coues, author of the "Key to North American Birds," and many others, proves that robins, sparrows, etc., have entirely disappeared from localities where they were abundant before the introduction of the European birds. The latter, continually fighting amongst themselves, have repeatedly been seen to attack and drive away any other birds which might chance to appear within their adopted boundaries. And what have we in this pugnacious foreigner to compensate us for the loss of all our familiar feathered friends? A propensity for devouring caterpillars! Can we give up for this the delightful solo of the robin, the clear whistle of the oriole, and the exquisitely sweet warble of the bluebird? These, and many other songs that come to us in the spring, will be no longer heard, if the noisy new comers find a permanent dwelling place in our city. Let us hope they will not—that the present cold wave may effectually discourage them; and when spring comes, let us extend a warm welcome to our own birds, and we shall be repaid not only by a diminution of the caterpillars, but by an increase in the sweet songs we all love so well.

Nathan Clifford Brown.

Portland, Me., Feb. 13, 1875.

"It was now three o'clock; the prosecution closed, and, as we had been engaged in the trial since morning without intermission, I ordered a recess for an hour. Manley went over to his office, and, just as he got there, a stranger rode up. He was a plain-looking man, rather heavily built, with brown hair and sandy beard. He wore a gray shirt, broad-brimmed hat, a pair of overalls, and army shoes. His horse was a *bronco*, very wild and vicious, but he managed it like a *vaquero*. Evidently they had travelled for some distance, for the horse showed hard riding, and both man and beast were covered with dust. 'Is this Mr. Manley?' said the stranger. Manley told him that was his name. 'I saw your sign on the door,' said the man, 'as I came into town. I'm a stranger here, and want to consult a lawyer; as soon as I put my horse in the corral, I'll come back.' 'Very well,' said Manley, 'I'll wait for you.'

"In a few minutes, the stranger entered Manley's office. He told Manley that he was a cattle-man, and had a band near the upper end of Fox Valley, just over the county line; that he had paid his taxes on his cattle for that year in another county. He wished to bring his band into the lower end of the valley, which is in this county, where the feed was better, and wanted to know of Manley whether they would be liable to be assessed in this county, if he should. Manley examined his receipts and advised him. The stranger cheerfully paid him his fee, chatted for a few moments, and, as he was about to go, Manley mentioned that the express robbery case was on trial. The stranger had heard nothing of the matter, he said, and so Manley told him about it. 'Well,' said the stranger, 'there don't seem to be any doubt about convicting him, and I'm glad of it; if it was for me to sentence him, I'd have him hung to-morrow morning. I had trouble with one of his kind only a couple of weeks ago, but he got away, and took a horse, saddle, and bridle with him.

Portland, Maine.
June 5. 1875.

My dear Mr Brewster:

The Spring migrations are over, and on Monday I shall probably start for the very northern parts of the county for a week or ten days collecting. You may, perhaps, be interested to know what I have taken in the vicinity of the city, during the "season" which is past. My skins number 423, and I have very full notes for the "catalogue" which you know, I hoped to prepare when I left Massachusetts.

Turdus is represented by all the species save "aliciae" and mustelinus. The Brown Thrush is quite rare. Certhia familiaris is rare at all seasons. Of the Sylvicolidae I have taken the following —

Mniotilta varia.
Sciurus aureocapillus.
Helminthophaga ruficapilla
Dendroica aestiva
" virens
" canadensis

Dendroica coronata
blackburniae
tigrina
pensylvanica
maculosa
palmarum
pinus
Seiurus aurocapillus
noveboracensis
Geothlypis trichas
Myiodioctes canadensis
Setophaga ruticilla

Of the above, D. pinus and S. noveboracensis are rare. Of course all the Dendroicae and Seiuri are common. Myiodioctes canadensis did not remain till the last of May.

I have taken but 3 of the Vireos, - olivaceus, solitarius and flavifrons; solitarius is rare. I take it these are the first birds, when they disappear.

The following of the Tyrannidae -

Pinicola enucleator
Carpodacus purpureus
Loxia curvirostra
Loxia americana

Aegiothus minimus
Ruticilla phoenicura
Saxicola oenanthe
Procaetes graminicus
Melospiza melodia
palustris
Junco hyemalis
Spizella passerina
arcadia
monticola
Zonotrichia leucophrys
albicollis
Cyanospiza cyanea
Dol. oryzivorus
Molothrus ater
(Ker Valley)

Of the above "Passerculus" (of course) Spizella passerina and Zonotrichia leucophrys are rare.

The following of the Aegiothus,

Agraulus carbonarius
Megaquiscalus major
Scolecophagus cyanocephalus
Quiscalus quiscula
Euphagus carolinus
Molothrus ater

Of the woodpeckers but 3, — downy, hairy and yellow-winged.

Large birds have left almost entirely, owing to make all the shots possible, in a "big game three time." 5 Last (Bittern) have been taken by different persons!! Have but few Shore-birds, for my time has been for the most part spent in the woods. Some of the common birds such as the chickadee, bluebird etc, I do not mention above, for they are known to be abundant here.

Perhaps you may find enough of interest in the above to cause the return, from my expedition, of such of your known additional species! Can I find anything like in exchange for some of the Massachusetts birds which we do not have?

Should be much pleased to know what rare birds you have been taking, and whether any of my common species are new with you.

Once more, please excuse this hasty scrawl, and give my kindest regards to all the "Club."

Ever Your Sincere Friend

Nathan Clifford Brown.

Oberon, O. T.
June 5 — 1875

Portland, Me.
June 18. 1895.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

Returning from my Cruise yesterday, I found your letter of the 11th awaiting me. You have surely done a splendid record work; I felt quite small, in comparison, until I realized that, when one begins to collect, he cannot afford to spend all his time in search of rare birds. I am rather disappointed in Cornish as a collecting field. The country is one of rolling hills with shore growths of hard-wood, within a mile of the sea there are few conifers. Such a locality would, of course, produce a few characteristic birds, but not in flocks. I especially noticed the almost entire absence of birds of prey. The most abundant warbler was the Yellow-throat, although Black-throated Blues were common. I took a single view of D. virens, — a rapid note I thought, for I could not take it at leisure. I also secured a Cinereous Towhee, a Vesper Sparrow with eggs, a Chipping Sparrow with eggs, and better sized sets of many

of our own Portland birds, particularly of the Tyrannidae. I am now going to devote most of my time to the Air and Nest birds.

I am rather sorry to hear of the end of C. F. Maynard & Co, though all that I learned with them, in regard to taxidermy, don't be unlearned while I am collecting.

Should you make the contemplated trip, then you don't fail to make us a visit and spend a few days during your stay in Portland. I've lots of things to display, and many to ask. —

I remain

Your Sincere Friend
Nathan Clifford Brown.

P. S. I have, at present, no duplicates of nests and eggs, but will write you when I have.

Brown N. C.

June 18 — 75 —

"Glen Cove," L. I.
Aug. 11, 1875.

Dear Mr. Brewster.

I received yesterday
[illegible] Rev. Dr. Ritchie Presby-
terian Sunday last me. I was much [illegible]
[illegible] I [illegible] some. I have not succeeded in
obtaining any of the southern list yet, as that
[illegible] reasonably [illegible].

[illegible] weather is very pleasant
[illegible] I have been
[illegible] I have not [illegible] anything [illegible]
[illegible] I have [illegible]
[illegible] I [illegible]
[illegible] I [illegible]
[illegible] I

Brown N. C.
Aug. 11 – '75

Portland, Maine.
Sept 5. 1875.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

I had hardly received your last letter when we began the task of moving from "Glen Cove" to the city. The day following our arrival my brother and myself started for my uncle's country seat in Falmouth, and I have just gotten once more settled at home. My collection is increased by two Diurna and one Sphinx, viz, C. and E. vitis, C. Butonides vicinus, & Pringlei nigricans not yet figured, and, best of all, a Vice-Consul Limenitis. I have also collected several less rare kinds.

You see I hardly could have waited you in Aug. until term-time I shall make my rendezvous at home, with the exception of short excursions to the White Mts. Penn begins the 23rd. I am very anxious that you should come to see me, if convenient to you, before that. The moth-shooting has been behind the average, this year, and should you come soon I think we might make some good hauls for the birds always come in force before Oct 1st. I can steal

but one day for my long looked for visit to
you, but shall employ that day in talking very
fast. I am unable to say when I shall be able to
go, for the many engagements pending - but we will
talk over much when I see you at "Brandall Side",
which will be very soon, I trust.

Pardon this very hurried scrawl.

Your Sincere Friend
Nathan Clifford Brown

Steam N. B.
Sept. 5 - 15

Portland, Me.
July 5. 1876.

Dear Mr [illegible]ster:—

The long time that has elapsed since I wrote to you last has been a busy one for me, and rather eventful, for my father has finally decided to give up my college course. A little sorry and a good deal glad I am once more at home, ready to begin collecting again as soon as I am relieved from my present physical disability, —a couple of lame knees. You see, near the close of our Spring vacation (the most of which I devoted to collecting at Brunswick) I came home, at the earnest solicitation of Bro Crocker

my best of friends, to get some duck-shooting in S. Carolina.' But bad luck attended me from the first; not only did the wind blow steadily from the North, and spoil my sport, but I strained and then caught cold in both knees, from the effects of which little accident I have been disabled ever since. Thanks to iodine and bandages, I am now on the rapid road to recovery.

You can readily understand that college exercises and cripplad knees gave me little opportunity to do good field work; however I have continued to make some three hundred skins, not a few of them additions to my cabinet. My success is almost wholly attributable to the accident of having one of those unusually good bird years which

are of peiridical occurrence.

My only additions which are rare are 2 Dew. blackburniæ, 3 Dew. castanea, 4 & 2 Yow. leucophrys, and a fair series of Dac blackburniæ and caerulescens, &c.

Do you remember my speaking of a sandpiper shot by my brother, which I was muddled about and thought might be T. bairdii? I have sent this bird to you for identification, in accordance with the permission which you gave me. If it is rare, and it makes no difference to you, I should like to keep it quiet till next Winter when I expect to get out my catalogue."

I should have written earlier in the season, but Frank Crocker, on his return from the Lakes, told me that he met you there and that you should remain

till July 1st.

Please remember me to the members of the N. O. C., and believe me ever

Your Sincere Friend

Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C.
July 3rd 1876

Portland, Me.
July 15. 1876.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

Your letter of the 7th duly received. Accept my sympathy for your confinement. My eyes continue, unchanged save that I am kept still closer.

Your assurance of the identity of my sandpiper delighted me. Though convinced that it was peculiar and rare I awaited your decision with fear and trembling. While on the subject of rarities, I want to ask you if you think a catalogue of the birds of this vicinity would be welcome to the ornithological world. You are perhaps hardly aware of the great number of errors & state-

ments that are current regarding the birds which do or do not come so far North as Portland. There are many small collectors in the state who would be pleased to see such a catalogue, because of the altogether correct dates of arrival, nesting and departure of species, which have been given in Samuels' celebrated compilation etc.; but whether ornithologists care equally for the correction of these errors in statement or opinion, I don't know,— you undoubtedly do.

I have a little secret which shall in due time be published, but which I am sure will interest you so much that I give it to you. What do you think of the Canada Jay in a catalogue of Maine birds? It is entitled to a place therein on the strength of a speci-

such which I have but just examined with great interest and covetousness. For nine years it has lain in an old box at the taxidermist's, uncared for till a few weeks ago, when once more it was brought to light. I should have secured it but for a gentleman who is getting up a collection of birds and who anticipates me a few days.

If the aforesaid catalogue is a desirable thing, how had it best be published? Can I derive a slight addition to my income from it, or do authors of such brochures consider themselves fortunate if their purses are not too much depleted?

I should hardly call the petrels common hereabouts; one must strike out into the open sea to find them at all. The

taxidermists rarely get a specimen but they sometimes are seen in large numbers by passengers on the boat which plies between our City and Eastport. By this time I had expected to be investigating these and other sea-birds myself, but my aggravating knees compel me to keep quiet.

I remain,

Sincerely Your Friend

Nathan Clifford Brown

P. S.

The orthography of our sheet is Vaughan.

Mrs. Vaughan
Aug 17-1876

"Glen Cove"
Cape Elizabeth, Me.
Aug 24. 1876.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

Since the receipt of your letter bearing the recipe for the destruction of insects I have enjoyed a brief period of activity,—enjoyed it to the full as you will readily believe. Once again however, my knees have "shut down" upon me, and field-work is postponed indefinitely. The results of the little work I accomplished are about 125 skins and a small catechism of questions for you. But I beg you to believe that I should bother you much more frequently, were it not for the constant encouragement I receive in your oft-recurd replies. Since discovered a breeding ground of Leach's petrel on one of the islands in the bay, and taken about a dozen specimens in different stages of plumage, as well as a few eggs. If you have no square box (as I used from one of your late letters) I should be glad to give you one in exchange for almost anything. Two young terns which I got yesterday have stuck me for identification: one is a specimen with orange-red feet and the bill of St. hirundo; the other three-

quarters grown, with dirty flesh-colored feet, and a black bill, with the portion half of the mandible orange. What are they?

The only uncommon things I have taken are 4 adult Den. castanea, 2 juv. Den. tigrina, 2 juv Ste. interpres and several Den. blackburniae. I have secured an old & gamet, which Dr. Coues would call "not rare, but incredible."

On the 7th inst. I shot a young Den. coronata only partly fledged. Does not this point pretty conclusively to its nesting here? Should you not consider the occurrence of Den. castanea, old and young, on August 12th, proof presumptive of the breeding of the species within the county limits? Coronata is a rare fall and Oct. resident.

Can you give me the address of the secretary of each of the societies which you named, as the A.O.U. under the auspices of which to publish my list? Look graciously upon my timidity, but tell me what you think of my capability to write such a list with my present limited experience. That it will be far from complete, that the notes on many species will be much less full than they ought to be, I am too well aware; I expect only to contribute a few facts to Ornithology & no means to write an ornithological biography of all the species within my collecting ground. With your approbation of my plan, I shall be quite content to pass the

criticisms of the fraternity.

Please give me a little additional knowledge as to the solution of sublimate. Does constant use of a skin wear off the incrustation, and necessitate another application?

Remain ever
Your Sincere Friend
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C.
Aug 24–1876

Portland, Me.
Sept. 9. 1876.

Dear Mr. Brewster:—

Yours of Aug. 29 received just before our family left Glen Cove for the season. My young petrels make a complete series, so that I cannot well send you more than one at present, but Mr. E. N. Atwood who accompanied me on my second visit to the Green Islands has two which I obtained by the promise of some Southern birds in exchange. In our combined series there is little variation between the specimens except in size, until the down is shed and the feathers appear beneath, of this last stage we have but a single example.

I have sent the three birds to you

by express. Please return what you think best. Atwood has a preference for warblers, & for the small waders. Let me recommend you, when you unwrap the squabs, to puff at them several times to loosen the down; it will improve their (at best) shabby appearance.

As to where I found the nests. Most of them on the larger of the two Green Islands, where they were built like those of the bank swallows into the perpendicular North, East and South-West sides of the island. They were generally almost inaccessible, sometimes absolutely so. On the smaller island the nests were more often entered from the flat ground on the edge of the cliffs. I have been closely questioning sailors and sportsmen about several other islands where I have suspected the future of nesting, and have good reason to

anticipate finding other breeding grounds, as soon as providence may permit, have to move about again.

My specimens of Dew. castanea taken up to the 7th of August are in unmolted Spring plumage. Three or four birds shot about the 20th of that month present the appearance you described in specimens taken at the lake. Does this throw any light upon the question of their breeding in my neighborhood?

I am very glad that I appealed to you for advice about publishing my notes. I am determined to wait until my memoranda are larger and more valuable, or until I find myself unable to carry my investigations further.

Shall you collect at the lake this autumn? That best of good fellows, Dr. Crocker, has invited me to be one of his party at Colle Rock,

and with the kind permission of
providence I shall go.

Very Sincerely Yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown, N. C.
Sept. 9, 1878

Portland, Me.
Nov 7. 1876.

Dear Mr. Brewster:—

Since my return from the Lake, three weeks ago, I have been so steadily employed that I have been unable to find time to write to you. During my stay at the Lake I accomplished little, for the unusually high water spoiled the duck-shooting and my lameness hindered me from tramping. The only bird that I cared about I lost through a double miss-fire of my gun;— Passerculus sandwichensis which I ran upon one evening at sundown, on the North side of Moose Point.

For two weeks after reaching home I worked quite actively, and then had to quiet down again. My best things were: T. princeps 5 sp., Nyctea nivea 2, Porzana noveboracensis 1, Pelidna americana 1 im., Passer domesticus (in the back yard!) and Ammodramus caudacutus 2. Am I not the first to take the last in this state? My "princeps" were all this year's birds; one of them is the darkest I have seen, much darker than my Shiny specimen, and almost as dark as some specimens of T. canutus.

My Everett Smith, here, has had a rare capture in his collection of marsh birds a year which he shot on our marsh several years ago. Since I last saw him, his brother

tells me that he has taken it to Boston and identified it beyond a doubt. This would make your specimen the second taken in the state.

Concerning our exchange: I should like specimens of Reg. ruficeps, Seiurus ludovicianus, Helmitherus vermivorus, or of any other Southern birds.

Do you want to tell me some of the secrets of your taxidermy? Prince has once told me that you stuffed the cavities of your birds' eyes from the outside, with chopped cotton — what is "chopped cotton"? Do you use annealed wire? Mr. Maynard taught me to use it, but I could always work better with stiff wire, except in the case of large birds. — Remain

Very Truly Yours
Nathan Clifford Brown.

Boston N. C.
Nov. 7 - 1876

bBr MH10.1 (12)

Portland, Maine.
Nov. 18. 1876.

Dear Mr. Brewster:-

Your interesting and very kind letter of the 12th arrived in due season. I had half anticipated the secret of your wonderful success in bird-stuffing. I think, and I have no doubt you do, judging from your work, that after a bird stands naturally, the emptier he is the more closely he is rivetted. When I first began to study birds, long before I thought of making a collection, I used to wonder at the perfect regularity with which their feathers were disposed, when they were alive. It seems to me that a bird ruffled with the cold is marvellously smooth, every feather being raised in the same direction and to the same extent. But stuffed birds were to me inscrutable disappointments, particularly, until I saw yours, and then I owe to my interest in ornithology in a great desire to be such an artist as you. Even now I can remember the appearance of almost every one of your birds.

Snowy owls have visited us in the same unusual numbers in which you have had them along the Massachusetts coast. The largest number that came into the city at one time to my own was twenty-seven. Seven of them were

bees shut and left to rot when they fell.

I have sent several notes to the Bulletin, for I think my list is a thing of the far future. Speaking of Tr. viridis I said my specimen was the first ever taken in the state of Maine. It has since struck me that this statement may be interpreted to mean "the first taken in Maine," which is far from the meaning I intended to convey. If the expression appears ambiguous to you, will you correct it in some way?

After reading Mr. Ingersoll's article on the Ringlets I looked up my notes on the subject. R. catalpa remains in the deep pine land since it rode homeward, all the year around. It is not at all rare in Summer. I have seen the old birds feeding young by day, so that it surely breeds here, but I have never found a nest. Is this any addition to "our" knowledge on the subject? R. calendula I have never seen in Summer.

I shot a very peculiar moorbird about a week ago. The sides are streaked with pinkish instead of with ashy, the black of the breast is marked by a convex boundary instead of the usual concave one. It is a young ♀, but my other young ♀s are marked along the sides by ashy. I should think it Junco oregonus but for the fact that the black of the breast (in this case brownish) does not extend so far towards the belly as in the only specimen

of Georgia that I have. I should send it to you, if it were somewhat smaller. That the cat got possession of it last evening as I left it on my table, and tore it to pieces. I have saved the pieces but they are beyond the power of my skill. What do you think the Indians?

I have taken a position in my father's office for the Winter, and, probably, for a new time to come. While in however, brain work will be my aim towards the real end of my life — ornithologizing. I am pretty well convinced that there is little money in science except for men whose lives are spent over the study-table elaborating the work that others have accomplished in the field. To work to your own satisfaction you must be backed by money; therefore, business for a while.

Faithfully Yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

P.S. Since writing the above I have received a young Red-shouldered Hawk — all from Bethel.

N. C. B.

Brown N. C.
Nov. 18—1876

Portland, Maine
Dec. 16. 1876.

Dear Mr. Brewster:-

Yours of Dec 5th arrived in due season. For five weeks I have kept the city without a day's absence, except Thanksgiving-day which I spent in the woods. I found creepers, nuthatches and crossbills in abundance, where that remains; but I am quite sure that no grosbeaks have yet visited our neighborhood. I saw two redpolls on the second week in November, but none since, nor have I heard of the occurrence of any, as I certainly should have done, had they appeared hereabouts.

I am quite satisfied with the disposition made of my notes. I am not at all particular as to the manner in which they appear,- facts, if worth publishing, being more important than modes of expression.

I do not remember how much I told you of the capture of the duck-hawk. Mrs Freeman caught it in her waterproof cloak while it was feeding upon a pet hen which it killed on her piazza. Daniels, one of our taxidermists, mounted it, and the lady has it in her possession.

I have lately spent most of my evenings in drawing with pen and India ink, and I have been much surprised at the success I have met with in consideration of the fact that I know nothing of the science of the thing. I mean to attempt water-colors before long. I shall favor you with a specimen for criticism, after I level a few of the mountains in my way. While on this subject it occurs to me that you may be able to tell me of the whereabouts of Mrs Farley, who, you remember, painted a sign-rack for me at Newtonville.

The remains of my Gnaphosa are scarcely worth sending to you, but I have pretty well convinced myself that it is (or was) new to science by finding a "sample" of G. [illegible] Does it seem to me that all of the U.S. Gnaphosae ought to be classed as varieties of one species. Certainly their specific differences are no greater than the varietal differences between others of our birds. But what a pecuniary condition our technical nomenclature is in; if sub-species are to be added to varieties, we shall soon be delightfully tangled up. Isn't Dendroica palmarum hypochrysea a trinomial appellation?

Mr Doane has given me a new idea. He is engaged in collecting photographs of his ornithological friends, as you probably know. I have appropriated the idea, and begin work by asking you if you will send

one one of your photographs.

If the Bulletin was more article than it can easily use, & would its size might be increased, or, better, that it might appear monthly. How large a subscription list have you? Can get to pay all this?

Yours

Very truly yours

Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C.
Dec. 16 - 1876

Portland, Me.
Jan 26. 1877.

Dear Mr. Brewster:—

I have at last been able to make an examination of the supposed reeve of which I told you, some time ago. To the best of my knowledge it is certainly a specimen of Machetes pugnax, and a very fine one. It's fortunate possessor has the advantage of having frequently seen the species in Europe, and makes no doubt of its identity. I showed him your note in the first "Bulletin", and asked him to write a notice of his bird.

I think your note on the sharp tailed finch the most interesting item the "Bulletin" has produced. For several months I have been reading all the books of literature relating to the north-east provinces of Canada, with the intention of selecting a locality for ornithological exploration, and, curiously enough, had pitched upon Prince Edward's Island be-

fore your note appeared. You will hardly credit me when I say that I was convinced I should find Dend. caudaculus there. The birds which I met with in Scarboro' were found in a place where they did not breed, as I determined, in Spring, by examining every inch of the ground thereabouts.

Have you not fallen into an error in regard to the Southern range of Dend. maculosa? In the breeding season? It nests about Portland commonly; more commonly than Dend. pennsylvanica. I have a nest with one egg, and a series of young from the earliest stage. During my assiduous collecting, last Summer, I found old and young more abundant than those of any species except D. virens.

I wish all the facts known of the history of D. princeps might be collected and published. I have the idea, formed from the scattered notes in my possession, that specimens were taken before Mr Maynard described the species, and referred to D. savanna. Do you know where it winters? Has the species lately come into existence, or is it probable that northern collectors have repeatedly, though unwillingly met with it in their expeditions?

I have been trying, all Winter, to get up some interest in ornithology among fellows outside of the Nat. Hist. Society, and met with so much success that five young men meet at my house once a week to master the initia to a knowledge of technical ~~knowledge~~ ornithology. They are all enthusiastic sportsmen, between twenty and thirty years of age, and just the men to make splendid workers in the field. Our Nat. Hist. Society is "run" by a set of old fogies who accomplish nothing, save to label their specimens incorrectly, and obstruct the advance of science so far as in them lies; so that I don't wonder that nothing has been done here for so long.

My opportunities for work, next season, will probably be very limited. I have hardly gotten under weigh yet, at the office, and every moment is fully occupied.

Remain,

Very truly yours
Nathan Clifford Brown.

Brown N. C.
Jan. 26-1877

Portland, Maine
Feb 17. 1877.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

Your letter of the 8th inst was duly received. I sent you at once an Autumnal specimen of D. princeps, being very glad of an opportunity to add Picus philadelphicus to my collection.

Our weekly meetings for ornithological study are much too informal to warrant us in forming a club, for we have a society in opposition to the N. E. O. C. With a single exception, not one of my friends is able to collect systematically, but they all mean to do something toward clearing up the uncertainty which fills the books as to the birds of our neighborhood.

All through the Winter I have been rather unwell, and a week ago, met with a break-down, which caused my father to send me out of the office and bid me resume my collecting again. Rather a humiliating disappointment to a young man who had ambitiously resolved to work my hard and make money to support himself in his scientific pursuits. But since I became convinced

that Providence had not blessed me with a constitution to endure assiduous indoor work, & have become accustomed to disappointments. I may certainly congratulate myself that I have ride beloved pursuit which takes me into the open air. Just now I am continually experiencing a peculiar bounding of spirit as I anticipate the coming season's work, — in very happy contrast to my expected dull & piny in the office. I mean to devote my most careful attention to the shore-birds and gulls. There is certainly greater opportunity for original investigation amongst them than elsewhere.

By a very close shave, a peregrine falcon, shot on Cape Elizabeth, the 13th inst. has been saved to science. It was killed by a country boy and brought to my friend Daniels for preservation and the owner supposed that he should have thrown it away had he not thought it an owl. By some outrageous subterfuge Daniels obtained the bird, and it goes to Bates College Museum, I have captured the specimen.

Your photograph was right welcome, since I may have no chance to get taken for some time. I send you one of mine taken a year ago.

Can you give ~~me~~ me a formula to distinguish, absolutely, full-fledged young of Empetrailli, minimus and flaviventris? They seem to me very close. — Remain

Very truly yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C
Feb. 17–1877

Portland, Me.
Nov. 2. 1877.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

I was heartily glad to receive your letter of Oct 29th. As you frankly own, you are entirely to blame for the big gap in our correspondence, for I have your promise to write me after your return from Florida; and, moreover, I haven't had the faintest idea whither to direct a letter in order to reach you. However, I am right willing to "forgive and forget," as you say.

It has been an off-year for birds of every description, from early Spring until now. I have noticed it particularly among my old-time favorites, the shore-

We recently have a large flight of Macrodasys sinensis in the latter part of May, but the first season brought only a very few strongylids. I made no captures worth mentioning until August, when I got a specimen each of Mucos. limnetosus, Pr. superus and Nem. bulbosicaudatus. The first two of these very unlikely species led me to collect here. I have been disappointed in my partial success with S. limnetosus. It has taken a regular, daily trawl since Oct 15 to yield me three specimens, whereas, last year, I bagged five in two days, — the only two days, if I am not mistaken, that I collected for them at all. Prof. Stanton, of Lewisburg, had written for my best form, but during that the season is not yet

over, I hope to be able to send you two more. Dame Deathless told you about my fractious silk-worms (two each of Ph. cecropia and Am. caudatus). I have sent them to Kew, so that you will have an opportunity to examine them. — Am. caudatus reached the cocoon in abundance about Oct. 1. Isn't it very remarkable that my strict vigilance has failed to detect it in Spring or Summer?

I have the heartfelt sense of sympathy for your renewed weakness. I thoroughly realize what an overwhelmingly cruel thing it is to be mentally beleaguered by a constant, breeding doubt as to ultimate recovery. My own small stock of philosophy is awfully demand. But I have one big

concerning resource that I hope you leave with me, and that is music. With me it is first, Ornithology; second, Music.

In the last letter that I received from you, you asked me to find out the "weight" of the gyr-falcon which had just been taken here. It was one thousand pounds. — Remain,

Yours faithfully
Nathan Clifford Brown

Bloomington Ill.
March 2 1871

Bloom. N.C.
Nov-11-1879

Leland
Nov. 11. 1879.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

I have been for a long time trying to find a place, or the nearest where I can spend the Winter collecting, and have at last fitted upon Bloom as the most desirable state in respect to climate, good water and accommodations. Statistics, too, amongst the many others I have quite a number of friends and relatives.

But there is one point to be definitely settled before I make up my mind to go.

and that is, (as you smiling) can I make it [illegible] to reference, please or good notes, but in hard knocks. And for information touching your reference on this subject I have come to you, this time. I shall have to make you a confidant, as a patient his physician, so that you may see the case in all its bearings.

Rider: Amongst the correspondents to whom I have sent my skins is a gentleman who has made the tour of the principal European museums and has sent some of said skins across the water. He himself and his correspondents at Berlin are pleased with

way style of publication, and mitigated by books and advice from him we will use by way of recreation. I have had it in view for some time to go into some promising foreign country to collect and write. But I could scarcely make a success of it as a rifle, and to bridge over the gap (perhaps a very wide one) it is necessary to exist between time present and this possible new departure, I want to attempt something which will at least pay expenses, so that my father may be more inclined to favour the grand expedition by and by.

I propose to be gone on this
Texas trip six months or a
year, — long enough to make
ten or three thousand skins.
Now dealers at No 15 Arch
St. have expressed their willing-
ness to take a large amount
or all that I may collect.
Now, will it be for my advan-
tage to give them the lot at
a fair price, or endeavor to
dispose of them to different
individuals, or what?
Will it pay?
I await any advice you can
give with anxiety,
as I have no more friends. I send
you a Xmas card. Please accept it as an
expression of my heartiest friendship.
Very truly yours
Arthur Clifford Brown.

P. O. Address
Santa Fe
Mexico
Care
N. C. R.

Boston Nov 1 1877

P. Hand,
Nov 18 1877.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

You have my kindest thanks for the thorough manner in which you have responded to my application for advice. I shall be far better able to arrange for the proposed trip hereafter. If time may find me you as well, I offer to take care of my cousin; you certainly shall have the choice of any waiter I may be lucky enough to procure.

The fences we intended as a <u>domain absolutum</u>;

I am sorry you thought me
ungrateful to make me any re-
turn for it. However, your
skins form a beautiful ad-
dition to my cabinet, — the
Golosphone being particu-
larly fine in view of the re-
cent papers in the Bulletin
on the species. By the way,
who is this Elliott? He seems
to have flashed suddenly and
brilliantly into our ken.

Do you remember that
odious Miss at Fairville
Mr Maynard found at sup-
per one night in Boston, who
asked you and me and the
gentlemen had quite a dis-
cussion about? I have never
heard of it since; what did

you finally decide it to be?

I have for a long time intended to ask you about the date which you attributed to my spring fungus in No 2 of Vol. 1 of the Bulletin. It is there printed "March 15." Is that a typographical error, or did that wretched rascal [redacted] Willey tell you that was the proper date? The bird was really killed on the 20th of March. (Willey went to camp about a year ago, and had his bills to some unknown locality. I lately saw in a newspaper that a James Willey had been arrested in San Francisco for smuggling opium, and suspected to be the fellow. Likely enough the same fellow.)

While I am on dates and [illegible]
I may as well attempt to clear up
another mystery. You say, the eggs
the Bulletin alone mentioned, "the
first, a male, was taken by Mr. M.
at Pescadero, April 11, '74; and the
second by Mrs. Tilley." Yet I have
a letter from Maynard, dated in
the Spring of '75, in which he says
"I got one (female) last year
about April 12, — I think at
least as late as that, for it
was a late Spring."

Keep an eye, this Winter,
on the columns of Forest and Stream.
A very rare bird was taken near
Portland by one of my friends, last
Spring. He won't let me have the
note for the Bulletin, but promises
to publish it, in F. & S. — Deane
saw the specimen, on his flying
visit to me, last Summer, but is
solemnly pledged to secrecy.

Yours heartily
Dr. Clifford Brewer

Portland, Maine.
Dec. 5. 1844.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

Your last letter duly rec'd. I reply promptly to make sure of reaching you before you start for Cal.

In spite of vexatious delays and uncertainties I hope to get away to some southern state about Jan'y. Ought I to take out ammunition if I ultimately decide to go no farther than Alabama? Can it be checked and carried safely? All other supplies I suppose it is best to take with me, any way. When in Ga. did you work in your room?

Before you start on your own journey, don't you send me your future address?

I will drop you a line before I leave. I hope you won't expect too much of me: you know I am a cripple and am doing bravely if I keep on my feet an hour in the course of a whole day.

Civil suits in force at Akron, — none here.

In great haste

Yours as ever

Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C.
Dec. 5-1871

Portland, Maine.
Dec 11. 1877.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

I have been quite unwell since the receipt of your letter of the 7th inst. & should have written sooner.

I shall be very glad indeed to have you visit me, but it will surely be unnecessary to limit your stay "to an hour or two." Come whenever most convenient to yourself and drop me a line beforehand so that I may meet you at the depot,— vicariously, at all events, if I should be unable to go in propria persona.

You will find my duplicate series very much depleted: I have distributed a collection of about fifty mounted birds amongst my friends, and exchanged and sold the major part of to my duplicate skins,— to make room

for my expected Spirit's visit.
But it will give me a great
deal of pleasure to have my
type-selection - in modo Brown-
ian - overhauled by your critic-
al hand. I think, too, you will
find the sight of a certain hand-
some gull at the taxidermist's
shop almost recompense enough
for your journey hither.

Texas begins to look very
hazy, and it is probable that
my objective point for the Winter
will be found in some other
southern state less remote. My
father indeed, flatly refuses
to give his consent to my go-
ing anywhere until my health
regains some of the elasticness
they boasted when I saw you
last, - before that disastrous
return to college.

I have been employing some

of my valueless time in plodding through Minot's book, - the Birds of N. C. It seems to me I never beheld anything so pretentious and so absolutely worthless and even ludicrous. Deane tells me its author is a Harvard Freshman; - can't you recommend him as a most eligible subject to the Sophomores?

I believe I have never told you how we fare on the subject of petrels, my pen being restrained and my tongue tied by circumstances. I am anxious to see your on this subject, as well as on many others.

Can't you get Deane to come and visit me with you? Judging from the tone of his letters I fear that he is indulging too much in the fleshpots

ities of society, and needs to be recalled to better aims.

I shall hope to see you before many days; meanwhile believe me

Yours sincerely
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown U. S.
Dec. 11-1871

Canada, Shawa County, Mo.
Dec. 3. 1878.

Dear Mr Chandler.

Your scholarly
& courteous favour letter of
Jan 2th has been forwarded to me
from Portland, Maine and I gladly
welcome you, to succeed me of my
duty to you as a correspondent,
for literally for forever & ever
hereafter. Since you wrote me
I visited Jan! & have been seriously
unwell, but am better in Alabama
now & for benefits me that
I am once able to attend to my
most pressing correspondence.
Although missing Lewis Company
I shall receive the catalogue of

my Journal references during the first month and will give you a brief description of the locality of Coronado Station before taking up our favorite subject.

First however, you must not know that an old friend of mine Mr. J. H. Boak accompanied me from Portland and has been practically made his debut as a collector.

We are lodged at Col Charpentier's house in Coronado – the first house north of Montgomery on the Westward Northside R. Here is really no settlement here and the station house stands alone on the ocean side of the railroad because of the precipitous bluffs on the plantations of these old gentlemen.

Although we are the capital of the state we are in a great sense

forest which is almost virgin except where the planters have made their comparatively small clearings. Within a couple of miles of the Colored Home is one of the numerous bends of the Alabama River and the branches and creeks which are tributary to it, giving rise to a growth of hard wood trees which break the monotony of the pine woods.

The country is rich, with much that can be called a hill for miles around.

The catalogue of our Winter residents about which I shall give it to you in full. Because I don't know how much of any, or anybody you know. Every one full of which, of course, you will understand "according to the almanac of N.C.B."

Large flocks of Bob-o-links

are found in certain localities.

Pinus palustris is not very common.

Morus rubra and M. tinctoria are common.

Regulus satrapa, numerous. Picoides arcticus not so much so.

Sitta, abundant.

Sialia sialis, abundant. Parus carolinensis, Baeolophus bicolor.

Sitta carolinensis et canadensis, Certhia familiaris, rather common.

Thryothorus ludovicianus, common; thin in winter.

Anorthura hyemalis, Olbia common.

Regulus flavicapillus, common; thin in full song.

Dendroica coronata, common.

Ampelis cedrorum, common locally.

Lanivireo solitarius, 2 [illegible] 5th.

Collurio borealis, [illegible] taken a week ago.

Chrysomitris tristis & Carduelis pinus, common.

Melospiza fasciata, common; Melospiza melodia

[illegible] 13 Nov 1884

Juncus bufonius, Spiculæ ovatæ et
fuscæ, Jan. Bicolles, Rare. Sept.
Cardamine impatiens, Pods
& seeds full & ripe, both a
Abundant.
Agrostis stolonifera, S. pur-
purea, & A. purpurea, also A.
magna, common locally.
Poa annua, not common.
Cerastium viscosum, abundant.
Sagina procumbens, rather common.
Hypericum dubium, not common.
Medicago lupulina abundant. Pisum
sativum var. Hortense not common.
Plantago lanceolata, common.
Anthoxanthum odoratum, not common.
Myosotis cæspitosa, Bord. ragwort
& Sow-thistle abundant.
Calystegia sepium, common

We have seen no viola and only one
lizard. — Nemo ex profesi, Polonius.
Both species of willows are common
Lonicera caprifolium, common
Calystegia sepium, common.
Sparrows tell me that there are
few berries and buds about the
vines. We shall beg to look them
up in a few days.
I shall be glad to receive any ad-
vice from you, in reference to collec-
ting especially particular species & de-
partments. — Farewell, and believe
Me yours very truly
Nathaniel Lord Britton

Greene, Greene County, Alabama
March 1875.

Dear Mr Brewster:—

Your letter
of Feb 24 we had the pleasure
of receiving some time since but
now the list of Canada Water
birds, just been sent I can't say
for the absence of my library.
Perhaps you will be able
We have taken two of Pro-
cyon lotor, three specimens of
Tetrao umbellus, four of
C. virginianus, two of Meleagris
gallopavo and a Nebraska Lepus
sylvaticus. I am thankful to
have only Canada many more de-

[illegible] I hardly know what to think of [illegible] of C. Brooks. Do you [illegible] opinion?

This morning about a dozen [illegible] constantly [illegible] [illegible]. Must [illegible] last night a long way. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

an engagement of the most desirable kind. Spring flights. The weather has been cold, and yesterday we had a severe frost. Indeed spring, however, and the appearance of violets and primroses on the woodside leads me to hope for brighter times before many days.

I began work on Jan. 22, and have made nearly 300 skins. Have I done well enough? My brother-in-law is sadly about to be betrayed and it is impossible for me to explain to the neighborhood [illegible] situation. But other reports [illegible] have left off [illegible] left [illegible] to speak in first-rate collector.

Your letter of Jan. 17 has reached me since I wrote you from this place, having traveled over 3 T. Mendoza many days more

n. two.

Please excuse & forgive me to congratulate you upon your marriage. Indeed I do thankfully for I know that only a very worthy & manly man could have obtained the love of Miss William Bronaugh

My correspondents have been doubled by my two secretaries absence & I am therefore writing letters in their stead.

Yours very truly
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brownsville
Tennessee
Dec 1st 1878

Lincoln, Clay Co. Ala.
March 31 1875.

Dear Mr Pomeroy —

Yours of the
ult duly rec'd and pd. contents noted
but absence on the great tour of
pleasure and profit

Before leaving Lincoln on the 15th
inst. Col Thomas Longworthy
Mrs Col Thomas Longworthy
Mrs Col Thomas Longworthy
Mrs

Brown. N. C.

March 23 1878

Lincoln Co. N. Carolina
April 20th 1875

Dear Mr Beaudet

Your letter
of the 5th just received was no less
agreeably disappointed to hear
from, and to get been faithfully
done with the work. My membership
now amounts 650. Among the valu-
ables of the mineralogical cabinet are
1 Cabinet [illegible]
2 Silver specimens
12 Gold specimens
20 (lbs) Rock crystals
30 " Tourmaline
11 Cyanites
10 Hematite
Each specimen has only got two
18 offices to be [illegible]

of birds by collectors, although such a catalogue might be published in the Exhibition - if, indeed, the Exhibition would not be known as, & consist of, a museum & should however be complete list, but might form help make it full enough to include the characters of the fauna of Canada, as this kind of work [illegible] Fauna Canada, instead of including the fauna Canada as a peculiar list of species, perhaps would be better. The fish in the lakes of Manitoba, & the birds of Vancouver Island & those last localities would have quite a different class of birds.

I shall follow your advice, & [illegible] as I have [illegible] arrangement [illegible]

N. C. Brown
Apr. 22 - 1878

for Allocations which had been long
[illegible] to me would not
to the exclusion of a thorough
qualified engineer would not have
been better, but would never
have been.

Should you come northward
at Mt. Carroll [illegible] Co. I shall
[illegible] will [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible]

Portland, Maine, May 20. 1878.

My dear Mr Brewster:—

Your letter of May 5th reached me a day or two after my return from Canada. I am glad you met with such admirable success at Mt. Carmel, and since the large number of specimens you obtained indicates no little activity in tramping, I trust I may congratulate you on an improved physical condition.

My own improvement is more marked since my return, for I find myself easily overstepping, in my pedestrian excursions, boundaries which for a couple of years have been impassable on the most favorable occasions.

I have offered my entire duplicate collection to the wholesale dealers, and, until I hear from them, I cannot say whether or not I shall have specimens to exchange. Before I make any disposition of the skins, I am anxious that you should see them, and at the same time my entire collection. Amongst my Alabama specimens are two specimens of Parula which differ from all my Maine examples in their white bars. It may be that this is commonly seen in larger series than my own, but it appears interesting to me in view of Dr Coues's new nigilora.

I have seen passing notices in the papers of a species or variety of Acgialites melodius which Mr Ridgway has named circumcinctus. If the continuous band of black is the only characteristic of the new form, I don't believe in its

validity. I want you to see my series of the kind, depleted though it is by sale and exchange. I have also some young warblers, etc. which I think will interest you. Can't you make me a call? If you may come after June 1st, I shall, (I hope) have gotten over my pressure of work, and be better prepared to receive you. I cannot, however, much as I should like it, visit you, even for a day.

Lately rec'd a letter from Dr Brewer, apologizing for his misquotation of my note on Am. caudacutus.

Heartily yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown. H. C.
Troy 1878

Portland, Maine.
June 1st, 1878.

My dear Will:—

Your letter of the 11th was duly received.

I am very glad that your visit to Portland was a pleasant one; it certainly was the cause of a great deal of pleasure to me.

I looked up the case of Hel. finns versus H. finn and discovered what I always knew but had forgotten at the time of your visit, i.e., that "finns" is not an adjective but a noun of the 4th declension, making the genitive singular by a simple lengthening of the ultimate vowel. Literally, then, taken in connection with Helsingfors, finns does not signify

"fine marble", but "marble of a fine". The name Hinnulo leoninum, you remember, is analogous to this, except that the genitive is used in the final, the translation being, "swallow of barns".

I saw Jo Broud, this morning, on the subject of that specimen of C. leconteii. He expresses himself willing to exchange it, provided you can give him something fully and bright-colored. Do you still wish to make the exchange?

I have been devoting several hours, each day, to my Alabama list, but have only filled about six pages of theme-paper. It is harder work than I anticipated, and I am bothered more by my desire not to repeat any well-known facts than by lack of material.

John Hinden does not wish

to make an offer for my duplicates. On my notifying Brewster Stewart that I could not accept their offer, they at once wrote for my lowest price on the lot, and I set it, as you advised, at $150.00. They have not yet replied. Which, did you tell me, is the defunct partner of this firm? I see no objection to dividing the collection, as you propose, providing that I cannot "lump" it. I fear me, however, that it will not be much more easily disposed of in that way than in toto. The assistance you have rendered me in this affair is certainly very kind.

Stephenson requests me to convey to you his regrets that he could not have seen you at his house, while you were here. I suspect that I ought to have told you of his two extremely pretty sisters.

it might have influenced you
where other considerations failed.

Apropos of our talk on the
familiar use of scientific names,
isn't the enclosed clipping too
rich to be lost? — I remain

Heartily yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N.C.

Portland, Maine.
July 7. 1878.

My dear Will:—

Your letters of June 26th and July 3rd duly rec'd.

I am heartily obliged to you for your assistance in relation to the sale of my duplicates. I have decided to have some lists printed, affixing prices 40% lower than dealers' rates, if I fail to get a satisfactory offer from Shawalton, so that you don't put yourself to further trouble on the subject.

I send you herewith the squab night-hawk and Jo's specimen of C. lecontei. Both Hel. pinus and D. caerulea would be acceptable additions to Jo's cabinet. I think he is

particularly anxious, however, to own a specimen of Pinetia, if you have one to spare.

I have been out once or twice lately, but without getting anything to repay me for the hardship of braving the scorching sun. The weather is very hot, and I employ myself principally with indoor work, in consequence. The Catalogue progresses slowly, but steadily: I have got along as far as "28. Pendrocca discolor." How long before it will be necessary for me to send on any MSS? — or may I send on enough for one instalment, when the Bulletin is ready for the printer?

Did I tell you of the pleasant call I had from Deane and Mr Pundie? They dropped in upon me not long after your brief visit, and gave me a most enjoyable

day. I was rejoiced to see Mr Pardie again. You know we had not met since the evening we spent at Mr Ingersoll's house, five years ago. I had entirely forgotten his face, and should not have recognized him without Deane's introduction. In the evening, however, he got sufficiently warmed up, after his day ~~with~~ amongst the birds, to favor us with the characteristic cries and movements of the night-hawk, bird of freedom, etc., et that preceded no further assurances of his identity. What a dear old fellow he is!

Bought to tell you (for they won't) that Everett Smith stuck both these gentlemen on his specimen of N. fuguax. You may believe that the incident rather tickled him; for I told you what he thought of the N. C. C.

I notice that your letter of 26th June was dated at 140 Brattle St. Does this mean that you have removed from the "paternal roof"?

As ever

Heartily yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C.
July 7-1878

Athol, Mass.
July 22. 1878.

Dear Will:-

Issue of July 10th is still unreceived. I received two of later date, but dissatisfied with the above, but do not get called for them, and I am afraid the remainder of issues so fast disappearing.

I am upset at the chance to fill out sets of the papers as very few sets of pamphlets. If there should you send me the following are wanted to me:-

Vol. 1 Nos. 1 & 2 to 7, 12, 13.
Vol. 2 Nos. 1 Birds of Oregon.
Vol. 3 Nos. 1 Notes on Porter's Peak.
Vol. 4 Nos. 1 Copies of Object.

If you will forward these to me, I will remit postage and the price you may

but after these.

Mr. Miller and I would not make an exception, especially since the enclosed letter. I think the fences are low enough to comply the exact requirements called for.

I shall make a flying trip over next to Boston, this week or next, but shall not have time to call for you unless you should like to.

Ever dear Jessie I am sorry to see to hear of your relapse in heaviness. I sincerely hope it will prove only temporary. Very truly, I remain gratefully and affectionately yours,

Nathan Clifford Brown.

Please bring the love, but allow each one more quietly and quickly if directed as named.

Heartily yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

The Cove Opp. Elizabeth, Me.
Sunday 6th Aug.

Dear Will.

Your letter duly rec'd.
You will believe me I am sure
when I tell you that it troubles
me not a little to upset any
perfection among flowers upon
which I really do set considerable
store by except the exchange which
you propose. You see I arranged
the flowers in my bit of artificiality
so as to realize a certain scene if
the entire bed should be disposed
of, and I cannot discover any
change without creating not short.
My object was practically selfish.
You know, for I mean to have the
flowers of the cut over to my father

Here of the eight species, for which
you propose to pay each I cannot
furnish you. Of the ~~nine~~ remaining
I can supply

Salix cordifolia
Rhus hirsutissima
Cat. laurina
Populus tremuloides
Symphoricarpos occidentalis
Ribes aureum

I am sent a representative of at
least one tree. The others, however,
of course, I will not be
so great as I might have sent you
at an earlier day.

Half an inch of the stem that
you do not really wish to buy
from them but are squeezing your
fingers in a spirit of reckless destruction,
with the desire of counting me.
Therefore I enclose you a postal-
card upon which I would you to

are to from Billy and Superintendent Whittlesey and we do for- ward the books & not. Now we will lay aside business & defend- ing. Ted I write you how busy I have been since leaving the B of Helena Mont. & Yet daily since we came to the Coast I have had to go in town every day and while uninterruptedly busied myself indeed I have more than once been forced to spend the night in the Seattle city Councils But of course it did to have a good deal of work to perform & Little cash. My orders call for about $70.00 worth of Books. As I wrote Dean, I have given me much pleasure to note the satisfaction with which the books have been received by purchasers.

My uncle heard so necessarily over
letters by the debris of his
shining P. I'm led to have be-
gun Geology in earnest before
then but I might not be. All
things being equal I shall go to
Williamstown this week.

Have you done anything
at the Club about Emily Smith?
Direct to this city, as usual.

Heartily yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

P.S. I forgot to say that the Lots
arrived safely. I was very glad to
get them.

N.C.B.

Brown N. C.
Aug. 11, 1873

Portland, Maine.
Aug. 14. 1878.

Dear Will:-

Very busy; time only for a line.

Saw two varieties of heron in Alabama, just before departure. No specimens. One white; one sort of blueish-greenish with chestnut about head and neck. Shall refer to them doubtfully, of course, but were they not probably G. candidissima & F. caerulea? What do you think?

Most hurriedly

N. C. B.

Office of S. B. Brown & Sons. Bankers.

Portland, Me. Aug 20. 1878

Dear Will.—

Yours of the 15th just recd. Your letter of the 13th also came duly to hand. Thanks for your advice on the heroins. Of course I am very glad you appreciated my position in regard to the proposed exchange entirely. I send you by mail, to day, the skins you ordered.

Very, very busy. Recently had sent in for mounting a 9 jnr. Hydrochelidon plumbea, the first I ever saw in this neighborhood. Although I have'nt had time to look up its record, this must be very nearly its first noted occurence in Maine. Have not smelled the marshes, this summer. Hope to shoot a little, next week.

Heartily yours.

Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown N. C.
Aug. 20-1878

Portland, Maine. Sept. 2. 1878.

My dear Will:—

I was very sorry to hear from Mrs Brewster, on Saturday, that you have been so ill. I am glad, however, that you are convalescing, and trust you may soon be about again. — My brother takes his vacation, this week, and I am working at the office as his substitute. The weather is lovely, and the fact that I shot my first Op. agilis on Friday last, makes me chafe a little at the office humm-drum. I shall feel all the more ardor for the woods, next Monday. You know I never have collected near Portland in Autumn, except on the beach and marshes, so, it may be, I shall make some good captures, this season. I think my home

are still a little better, ~~solicitous~~ another great assistant. — I sent my list to Mr Allen, last week, in response to a request from Deane. I intended to have submitted it to you, before finally parting with it, but my time ran short and I was forced to forward it to Mr A. at once.

Sincerely yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Brown, N. C.
Sept. 2, 1878

Portland, Me.
Nov. 14. 1878.

My dear Will:—

Your letter of Oct. 28th was gladly received and should have been acknowledged before.

Let me congratulate you upon having become at last settled in your new home; and not only because you have reached the end of the worry incident to establishing a home, but because, judging from the glowing and (I fear me) somewhat curious descriptions of Scame, you must have become settled most comfortably and happily.

Perhaps it is just as well that you did not, from whatever cause, propose Everett Smith's name at your club. I am awfully mortified at the way in which he responded to the notification of his election. But, you know, I told you of his peculiar character (altho' I anticipated no manifestations of this kind) and you agreed with me that we might wink at that a little, if omithology could be advanced by his admission to your club. I was quite mad, this morning, and wrote I came a warm letter which I hope he will show about freely.

God speaks very kindly of my Alabama List. Yes, it certainly is pleasant to have one's

productions liked, if not always appreciated.

Have you heard of my arrest? One was sent me for preservation, not long ago, by the P. Soc. Nat. Hist., and, if they will give me the note, I shall send it to the Bulletin. Redpolls, pine-grosbeaks and crossbills are with us. I believe their united presence is supposed to indicate a good year for Winter rarities; but I find little time for field investigations.

Shall you go away this Winter? God willing, I shall not. The bare thought of experiencing another season-full of southern benightedness makes me strong to withstand our own bleak weather. And

thus far I have withstood it very satisfactorily indeed. I can walk so much better than at this time last year that I don't have to make so many demands as then upon my small stock of philosophy. You do not write of your own lameness; from which I infer that it intrudes less upon your thoughts and is, therefore, better.

Heartily yours
Nathan Clifford Brown

Dec 14/78

N. C. B. Knox

Portland, Maine.
Dec. 10. 1878.

Dear Will:—

The advent of cold weather has brought quail into our markets, and by purchasing specimens therefrom I have added to my collection the first specimens of the bird it contains, except my two Alabama skins. These latter now appear very diminutive and, it may be, ought to have been noted in my List under one of the varieties. I understood you to say that you had examples of both var. Plumbeus & Floridanus. Will you not compare the specimens sent herewith with these varieties, and, if my

simple "Cistus virginianus" needs to be supplemented, make the addition (by post-script, if necessary), crediting yourself, of course? I am sorry that I have only two Alabama skins; — of these one made by "J.".

Shall you go away, this winter?

Nothing new.

Always yours
Nathan Cliff. d Brown

N. C. Brown
Dec. 10, 1875

Portland, Me.
Dec. 28. 1878.

Dear Will: —

Your letter of the 15th, forwarded to my address at the mail, came duly to hand, and the birds shortly afterwards. My thanks for your subjoinder to my note to the list.

I am doing almost nothing in the ornithological line; — give nothing in the way of original investigation. I do, however, manage to call over my notes occasionally, with the intention of arranging an article on Maine for some future number of the Bulletin; and from time to time, a deserted canary or a finch-bird from some sportsman's game-bag calls me to my "shop" for an hour or two. But

I confess I am readily first more absorbed in other things than in nature scenes. Not that I am losing or have lost any of my enthusiasm for my favorites of so much of my life, but the cold keeps me so much in the house that it is quite impossible to pursue an ornithological routine.

The open winter, however, furnishes an unusual variety of birds. All the real winter species appear common, except Chipp Sparrows. I see, once in a while, about the house Tittar. combinences, — a couple yesterday; and in passing the swamp, in my daily walks to the office, I often catch an indistinct glimpse of a figure like Jo me and hear the familiar chip which pretty surely means Mr. melodia. Both these last species

are much less to be expected here at this season than even the promenades.

My doctor wants to let me write much, as I should lay lots of foundations for future improvement and elaboration in the literary line; - to make use of your phrase by a new and tiresome. The consequence is, as you doubtless have expected me to say, that most of my attention is devoted to music. I practice about three hours a day, and kill almost as much time in talking with kindred spirits equally enthusiastic. The orchestra now numbers seven pieces and really performs quite creditably. Instrumentation: violin, two flutes, clarinet, cornet, piano and utility man. We hope to get all the parts covered

ally, and to practical ends to excellence. All of which is, of course, very due to the exclusively scientific gentleman who wants it.

Mr Pindie sent me Everett recent letter. I thought I knew Mr E. pretty well, but I got some new points from these epistles.

Happy New Year!

Yours truly
Nathan Clifford Brown

N. C. Brown

Portland, Me.
Jan. 8. 1874.

Dear Will:-

Your letter of the 6th is just rec'd. Reply immediately, as you requested, enclosing samples of my labels. I have used similar ones for my entire collections: the only variation being in those of the first year, which were printed with my initials only, instead of with my full name. I retain my preference for the stiff card-board, because

It doesn't tear out at the hole punctured for the thread as the thin labels are apt to do; nor does it crumple, crease & fray

at the edges. And if tied with a small loop, instead of tight to the specimen's feet, it lies along the tail nicely and adds strength to the feathers when you handle the skins.

It seems to me a very good idea to have every item printed on the labels of the type collection, but perhaps this would prove impracticable, — certainly would call for a good deal of hard work on the collector's part.

So much for my ideas, and I, of course, feel highly honored at your application for them.

Is there any place where I can obtain copies of the various lists regarding Maine birds? This is a despairing question: I have tried a dozen places in vain. The Naturalists' Agency not only cannot furnish any

but cannot obtain them any
where at second hand.

Yes, Dr. Cones has very
kindly sent me a copy of the
B. C. R. and I am much pleas-
ed with it.

Yours hastily
William C. Brann

J. C. Brown

Jan. 8, 1879

Portland, Maine.
Feb. 5. 1879.

Dear Will:—

Your dictated letter of the 12th ult. was duly received. I am very sorry to know that your eyes are weak again, but have you not been tempting providence a little, in your steady application to pen and ink? You write so regularly for the Bulletin that, with your correspondence which I know to be large, your time must be largely occupied in pen-work. And as to your productions being "pot hash," I shan't admit it for a moment. I enjoyed the Pen paper very much indeed. I regard it one of your best bits

essay articles, — much better, to be honest, than that on the Prothonotary warbler. — Do you remember one of your earliest essays, on the Mourning warbler, published in one of the sporting weeklies? I don't think you have ever surpassed it in that indescribable something which conveys to one's mind the charms of out-of-door scenes. I wish it might find a more suitable resting place in literature by being reprinted in the Bulletin.

I am also sorry to learn that the beetles have got into your collection, for, aside from the sympathy I feel for your bad luck, this seems to be bad news, as evidence against the protective powers of the corrosive sublimate solution. Won't you give me

the particulars of the disaster?
If ~~your~~ the solution is really no protection, I shall save myself the bother of using it so carefully.

I succeeded in getting one of Prof. Hamlin's lists, have secured no others yet. Your offer of the loan of your own copies is characteristically kind, but of course I cannot accept it. In case I fail to obtain the other pamphlets I may ask you to give me the N.E. or Maine record of one or two species,— which I shall expect you to refuse to do, if it would cause you inconvenience.

Yours heartily
Nathan Clifford Brown

F. C. Brown

Feb 5 1879

Pittland &c.

March 11. 1874

Dear Will —

The receipt of your favour of the 8th finds me still [illegible] about a month to stop away before replying to your last letter. — I am very glad that the corrosive sublimate will not have to be discarded as inefficient, for I have always regarded it a powerful ally. Is there any other insect than the anthrenus that eats the horny covering of bills and feet? I ask because I never detected a beetle or the remains of one in my cabinet; and yet before I used the solution C 2. I used, now and a while, to find specimens disfigured by the attacks of small larvæ (?) which frequently gave up the ghost after effecting small injury. I never found but one or

lots of these little insects — they were about a quarter of an inch long — alive, but generally discovered their dead remains lying in a little pile of dust, under the bird they had mutilated. And I never had a bird's plumage attacked; so I am inclined to think that the Anthrenus must not be regarded as the authors of the little mischief that has been wrought amongst my specimens.

Did you receive a Pollard Fern containing my remains of P. C. B. C. B.? Sent you one, hoping for your opinion of it, in return.

The only addition to my cabinet, lately obtained, is a Nyctale acadica from the Cape. Sent some very brief notes to Doane, a few days ago, all of

which were probably old to
you.

I was invited, yesterday,
to play in an orchestra com-
posed of the best amateurs of
Portland, and spent a most en-
joyable evening with them.
They are all far in advance
of me, but I shall try to work
up to their degree of accomplish-
ment. It is a splendid thing
to get 'in' with such a club.

You are doubtless enjoy-
ing the same beautiful weather
that is prevailing here. I
begin to hope for an early and
pleasant Spring. There are no
bird songs to be heard, however.

I must not forget to tell
you that the extras are most
acceptable to me. It is especially
a convenience to have the "First
Plumages" in connected form.

Yours heartily
William Clifford Bro[illegible]

N. C. Brown

Feb. 4, 1875

Glen Cove.
July 28. 78

Dear Will:—

How are you.
I heard of you from Dean.
Sent the time you went
to Lockport, but have had
no letter since. I have
been through the mural
ofe and have solid
ticket a professional in-
valid, in the course of two
or three months, and our
feet getting to feel
nothing. After that
mentous re-
What do you think of
93 Chas. Fighting might?
I like the rules at that

figure, tho' I feel decidedly
nervier.

My correspondence
has gone all to wreck,
of course, as well as other
writing. I manage only
to keep my notes fairly in
order.

The Am. conductor
business here, after all, as
you probably thought be-
fore. Just how seriously
it vexts, I cannot at
present say.

That my first (of
its nature) Hæmoptysis,
three days ago. It ante-
dates the 1st by perhaps a
month.

Have done really
nothing mythology lately
since early Spring. Whether
or not I shall resume
work in the Autumn, is

uncertain. It is so hard for me to get about that there is small chance for satisfactory results here. Another time I shall make an extended trip, in the Winter.

I drop you this line more to call out one of your prized letters than because I feel newsy. Deane's last accounts of your business were discouraging. I wish with all my heart that your business [illegible] them.

Do you read fiction, at all? I wish you would tell me your favorites among present-day authors, if you do;

Read, as some magazine editor recently expressed it, "in retention only." It is so aggravating to wade thru a bulky volume only to learn that you never could have begun it, but you learn what manner of book it was.

Sincerely,

Nathan Haskell Dole

Wednesday, 17.

Dear Will.

Your letter with ... has been received today and ... for you, and will probably have them tomorrow or next day.

I am not at all sure that I should have written you more regularly. The reason for want of writing to Nellie may be explained, if nothing else to the fact that I am afraid of ... I should fail to keep it long if I should do so. Letters not calling. I want to have a talk with you before I do

side of the Sierras, on account of the strike but I for one am glad to be away. Several friends have given glowing accounts of the climate of Southern California and urged me to go there.

I have made about 7 or 8 dates since Sept. 1. among them four Sunday's. If you would like to obtain one by ex., I can let you have one.

Hope to write you more fully before long; meanwhile believe me always

Heartily yours

Walter Clifford Brown

N. C. Bowers
Oct. 23, 1879.

Peter, Minn.
Nov. 19. 1879.

Dear Will.

I received your
favor safely, today, & was glad to
hear from you. I wrote you
a long letter the 8th.

I have been very
unfortunate this week, and
was to have visited to go to Pine
River, and my father came to
have gone with me, but was prevented.

Can you obtain me a book
a Latin? Can I do well at
either of the following? Chem-
istry and scientific value of
to be considered. I want to read

N. C. Brown

No. 19, 1879.

Boerne, Kendall Co. Tex.
2-5-80

Dear Will.

Your letter of Nov 21 reached a few days before I left home. Have been very sick since the receipt & not yet enable to write you fully. Heard of your illness and unfortunate accident with much regret & am glad to learn from Dave that you are on the mending hand. I have made some 30 sales here representing Farmers but few of them. The farm market being quite long very limited. Jobbing trade St. Louis. Business & Life active are about the only fair things here, with some certain struggles of [illegible] you will hear later

N. C. Brown

Feb. 6th 1880

[illegible] is about sixty miles north of the Yadkin among the mountains. I have not the words of my mind to express to you the [illegible] & joyful when my letter.

Write me soon & tell me [illegible] & pray for your [illegible] & [illegible]. Good bye

In Christ

Peter C. Brown

Boone, Feb. 23. / 80.

Sen. Hill.

Your letter of the 10th
inst. is rec'd & I assure you I intend
in the trial of the Injunction,
to show cause to set that fee
aside. I shall not entitle to
the amount of your services
of encumbrance by giving you a
full list of everything I have to
show this fee, & you may be sure
your interest & the question
will be as always properly looked
for.

Yours truly
W. M. Bingham (for self)
Fortune
& Fairbanks
by C. Fairbanks
& Fairbanks by W. M. Bingham

L. C. Brown
Feb. 25, 1881

Portland, Me.
April 26. 1880

Dear Will: -

I got your letter of
[illegible] more than a
month ago.

I should suppose that it
did seem to you that my "Spec.
Insects" were a [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible]
with superficial attention to
the business that some of them
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A. E. Brown

April 20 1880.

N. C. Brown

1881.

His Coll. of bird skins

Portland, Maine.
Aug. 6, 1851.

Dear Will:—

I received your letter yesterday. Mrs Mills has not got home yet but is probably with the Lord Governor. I thank you much for your attention to the paper, and your remembrance in kindly writing to me.

I have been to Boston but only once since I returned home, but write, and not even then but time for a day or two there from home. The fact is I have been a great deal of work lately, and the heat has been so great that I could not bear to please, aside from the pleasure to be found from the work itself. You have seen in the papers I have sent you some of the results attained. I see we are to be one of the chiefs of Lt. Ohio; and then will be able to exhibit our skill to greater advantage.

Mr Fessenden left us by an express train for Boston. He probably will not be back, that I should like to see him. If I can render my self practical to Brown & you, I shall not forget you upon such occasions, - though I have taken for myself a volume, one <u>more</u> to sell to other Colleges.

I remain with warm affection, Yours truly

communication on the Creek Nation matter. If there be no error in my statement - and this seems improbable - a just and speedy settlement may be expected to come to pass hereafter. I sent the papers for examination and approval as soon as you have presented to the U.S. Court. I am told that Jeffries has some of my notes of Louis Checote, so that he is in a position to explain the objection of the executive officer of the nation from which they were issued.

Yours truly
[illegible]

W. C. Brown
Nov. 17, 1882

A. C. Brown

Dec. 20, 1882

Portland

Dec. 20. 1882.

Dear Will:—

Return the proof herewith. See nothing of the footnote added to a former sheet now of one or two minor corrections. Will you not leave them, in the article before "it finally goes to press"?

With respect to the "Norse" passage. I agree with you that the expression as it now stands is perfectible. I almost invariably — as that style myself. But your marginal note implies, by the use of the word "must," that the original wording was incorrect. Else I am not prepared to admit, in spite of the high authority you quote. Countless instances may be cited, from all the classical writers of Rome, to show that my

pression is quite defensible. The specific names in scientific nomenclature are more like appositive nouns than simple adjectives. For instance you feel only often use such a marginal expression as "the Junco oreganus and hyemalis" or "the Lanius americanus and excubitus." One may put this into modern Latin and with perfect propriety say "Lanius americana et excubitus" just as the Romans said "Gracchus et Publius Scipiones."

Yours very truly

Merriam

N. S. Brown

Dec. 28, 1882

Portland, Maine

Dec. 28. 1882.

Dear Mr. Nute:-

To-day I sent and sent you Mr. Smith's list of Maine birds. I hope you will take pains to read it, as it is full of errors from start to finish, and notice it properly in the Bulletin.

I feel myself in a peculiar position with regard to this paper. There are many things in it which I disapprove strongly, and some things which are not at all to be reconciled with fact. As a student of the ornithology of Maine, I am obliged to let erroneous statements to go unchallenged, and yet my relations with Mr. Smith are such that if I undertake criticism of the matter I find through the medium of print, I am sure to produce something more

them carefully. In fact in Mr. Ward the manuscript of most of his paper, and induced him to eliminate a good deal that I considered objectionable. Still, he is a man of such positive disposition, that some of the most unsubstantiable statements of the whole he refused to retract. Look, for example at the first sentence in the statement of the fact. The first species noticed is the Wood Thrush, which is included on the strength of a specimen said to have been shot by the writer in Nov. In 1865 Mr. Smith was a boy of only about 15 years; the specimen was never preserved; and a thing which renders it impossible for me to attach the slightest evidence to his record in this case. I am aware that one year ago, we were unfamiliar with the specific character of the Thrushes and many other common birds. In fact his knowledge of most of our birds of Maine birds is a matter

of very recent date.

I am also of the opinion that Mr. Smith has done injustice in not making full acknowledgment of the assistance derived from other observers, which was very great. Henry Mewis, A. A. Eddy, Lindsey and others placed all of our notes at his disposal. Nevertheless important facts relative to migration and, in some instances, technical matter, are given as original which really is not so.

Notice, too, the very scanty response to published schedule of other observers, errors in time of arrival of species, etc.

I am decidedly complaining to a feeling of my mathematically obscene system to see things of this sort in print. I have done my best however, and, at last, congratulate myself that I have kept from the public some statements

which would have created quite a craze in scientific circles.

After having unburdened my heart to you, I want to request you to say nothing of the present epistle. You will hardly understand how I feel in the matter until you meet Ernest Smith. He is a very curious combination: a man, to characterize him briefly, who would be an exceptionally fine fellow were he not so hopelessly obstinate.

I wish you a Happy New Year, and an undiminished success in ornithology.

Yours sincerely
Walter Rothschild

P.S. Don't you write a thoroughly appreciative leaf. of some kind upon the habits of N.N.N.S admirable upon relating to Nest Eggs!

N. C. Brown

March 11, 1883

Boerne, Texas

March 11. 1883.

Dear Will:-

Yours of March 4. received with pleasure less than usual only because it gives unfavorable news of your health. I sincerely believe you overwork systematically. When did you last take a real vacation?

My own health is very unsatisfactory. When a man can't do field-work, he is certainly badly off. This is precisely my own condition. I have only accumulated about one half as many skins as in the same length of time, on my previous visit. And, the worst of it is, it looks as if now, when I would like to put in my "best licks," my labors must know less systematic than hitherto.

The winter has been excessively cold. Mercury at 10°, 14°, 19°, and so on, many times too often. Vegetation is in better condition, however, than before; and birds are more numerous, on both accounts. I have already taken seven species not observed before. Are not some of interest? I haven't a single book with me. The birds are:—

Pyrrhuloxia sinuata	1,	(Feb.)
Zonotrichia albicollis	1,	(March)
Picus pubescens*	1,	(Feb.)
Lanivireo solitarius	1,	(Feb.)
Nyctidromus albicollis	1,	(Feb.)
Tyrannus vociferans	2,	(Feb.)
Colaptes mexicanus	several,	(Feb.)

No migrants along yet except Plect. ornatus.

I hope to stay until the very last of April.

* prob. gaumeri

Write me who will review Everett Smith. Please have
my April Bulletin sent hither. I have to be brief, but
am no Cic

Truly yours,

Nathan C. Brown

Boerne Texas
March 30. 1883

Dear Bill:-

Your letter of March 20 is before me. I will gladly give you any assistance possible with your review of Everett Smith's paper. I feel gratified at your request though I do not like to have any part in a criticism of the present kind.

As to the words of Mr. [illegible] I think the scientific public ought to know that many - most - of the words Mr. S. quotes are not his own; they are taken from what is known as the "Shanty Journal", kept at the Buck Deck store, Scarborough, for many years, by the celebrated sports-men, Cale Young. You will notice that some of the dates in the paper are of a period when Mr. S. was a mere

child. The notes are probably, as a rule reliable, but it might affect their value, if the fact were known about them. By this Duncan that most considered like to know whom they are posting. If I were you, I would write to the author and enquire about some of the remote dates; this would place you in a position to speak of the epistle or not, as you chose.

I have taken nothing uncommon since I last wrote. In the egg line I have a nest of the local Pieris brassicae and another nest "spotted".

Yours truly, your friend
W. E. Brown

P.S. There is to be an addendum to the Smith list. Do not overlook it.

It includes something

N. C. Brooks

March 30, 1873

V. C. Brown.

Apl 2, 1883

Bremc, Texas
April 2. 1863.

Dear Bill:-

I suppose there is a letter from you en route to me with advice for disposition of my time for the remainder of the Spring. I have been forced to the conclusion however, that I should best give up work for the present and travel about homeward. Field work here is certainly injurious owing to the very debilitating effect produced upon my body by Texas water. I suffered in the same way before, but I hoped that an interval of three years might have rendered less susceptible. I am more sorry than you can easily imagine to pull up stakes just now, when the choicest fruits are to be expected every day.

I take my claim and beware of the lime-stone districts of the south west, if you possess the unfortunable bowels of my make up.

I have been at work here just two months, and shall take away about three hundred skins. The skins are small, and there are practically no duplicates, still I should be only too glad should you find the inspection of the lot a sufficient excuse to bring you to Portland.

Should I reach New England in very unfavorable condition I shall do my best to arrange a call upon you.

Sincerely yours

Nathan C. Brown

Portland, Maine

July 3, 1853.

Dear Bill:-

Judging your wishes from the
tenor of those indicated by your letter of the 17th
ult. would be glad nothing to endorse
which you have written, [illegible] and
all responsibility. I will however make
the experiment.

I have already written to
Mr. [illegible] to know the exact [illegible] and
at the request of Bowdoin College, and
I am anxious to hear from him. I
expect to hear from it very soon & then
I shall be [illegible] to [illegible]

to it more from a fraternal view of the matter - for it was? - rather than from motives of selfishness.

It seems to me that the most that ought to be known of your connection is merely that upon which the Smith case is based by which the superseded opinion was cited, and you can say you have no interest in knowledge of what was at that time. Under the bill was never framed. I feel perfectly sure myself that it was a good thing. If would coincide with me, could you talk with E.T. a few moments.

I believe I have a third suggestion, after all. The matter would make a matter of case of error in the Supreme

of his own writers were the first published. Those Reminiscences, Pallas Athena and Ch. confidence, Three Generations, Sketches, Short Memoirs, Notes Carolina etc. Take the head case in a little different way. The large number of negroes of legal status born in the fifties (cf. Census figures, notes on 57, 57 etc). The South was hardly out of the wilderness in 57, and the voter, at least a large part of them were not far removed from somebody else's property. Did whites? Ought it not to have stated? Ought it not to have quoted the published record of each citizen as to material & loss? The vote will go through, if not about. Many thanks for your compliments & encouraging me. Sincerely yours, J. C.

H. E. Brown
July 7, 1883
In re Smith's Brick
Brick Machine

Portland, Maine

Aug. 13, 1883.

My dear Nice:-

I missed you today a number
times & the Miss C. have not yet
decided when to be present at the first meeting of
the Fortnightly Club of Cornish.

I shall be busy at work on my
wedding & cannot, & I doubt if you
& Lucie can leave your other plans?

I wish you would write me
something of the Lectures of the fortnightly
course. Have you subscribed & anything
to pay in advance? I shall

[illegible] with great pain it can hardly be observed however.

I have been trying to write a card from you. I have some beautiful specimens in my card collection which cannot be taken flatly first without explanation & without the [illegible] yourself, as I have already made such explanation. When you do come, I should be glad to have you bring a specimen card of Pecan Vaucardi and [illegible].

You can write that I [illegible] really made me a [illegible] visit; but I suppose the weight the steps in the stairway of [illegible] to be taken in mind; [illegible] the W.C.B. will

come late. I feel gratified in receiving the first token of esteem that the college has left me in which and thanks my handicapped labors with favor.

I have left on for Science with the object of obtaining your advice of Chem. If I can not get office here or

Yours truly
Augustus C. Brown

N. C. Brown

Aug 13, 1883

Princeton, New Jersey

Sept. 2nd 1883

My dear Will:—

I have just received your letter, & write to you the moment I can, for fear you may think I neglect you. I wish to thank you again for your courtesy.

I have read Ernest Renan's article on Jesus Christ with interest. I know of course his opinion on the matter, but I did not suppose he would write with such bitterness. Both reference to the archeology of the time & concerning the place, I am certain I can say nothing new to

N. C. Brown

Sept. 29, 1883

Portland, Maine
Nov. 9. 1863.

Dear Will: —

A good old-fashioned, greasy letter, genuine of the 6th. Which I felt able to answer the correspondence that need to be one week before for after than I see them everyday's. If I take you only I can't, I shall be answering your letter, what do you have doing?

To my surprise, I have done absolutely nothing in outdoor since returning from Pepes, last spring. But I should like very much & greatly like to the department of study, had an present last week found a place in the statistics books. The fact is, I have

eagerly been waiting for a bodily refreshment sufficient to enable me to add something to my general education, which – heaven knows – is far from satisfactory to me. That time seems to have come. At all events I can do a little work, every day, and this St Luke will be all in time. I have been studying French more than anything else, but have done something in English literature and composition. I will send you, as long as seems of my impressions of the Nation, which is to appear in the Tomorrow; – hoping of course, to receive the benefit of your always satisfactory criticisms upon it. "Always satisfactory" they are to me, though they do not appear to be true in the case of Mr. Smith. He is sincerely offended, in

spite of the fact that I have warned him of the unfriendliness manner in which you wrote the Adelphi review.

I try to make the best possible use of the money at my disposal, and therefore devote my little time to everything which I consider useful or beautiful.

You ask for my opinion of your recent Ms. letter, in the Lit. I think it was well done, — a dignified and effective piece of work. I should have liked it better if you had refused to admit even the trace of personal feeling that seems, and may actually, to have influenced you to some extent. I should have omitted the last few periods. It does not appear to me that your letter was the answer; I do not see how it

V. C. Brown

Nov. 9, 1883

could have been less so, without failing to answer the desired purpose.

The <u>coincident</u> acquaintance of mine, whom you met at the Lake, must have been A. H. Bradley. He is a man of really brilliant mind and, twenty years ago, was set down as one of the most promising lawyers of New England. He battle has ruined him, morally, physically and all but mentally. I knew him very slightly.

I got a pleasant letter from Chancellorsville, to day or two ago. I count myself lucky in having made his acquaintance. It is seldom that I find a man that I like so well on a short acquaintance. He seems to be "the thing".

Some exclamatory P.S. referring to

V. C. Brown

Feb. 8, 1884

Portland, Maine

Feb. 8. 1884.

Dear Will:—

When a few months of time shall be running out I shall be hurried to writing a hasty epistle to your last kind letter.

You warned me that my paper might get crowded out of the first Club. Nor am I surprised that it is now appearance. I am only sorry, however, that you should have incurred yourself on my account. Even my own conscience that I should never be blind you guilty of disloyalty, whatever might happen to any of my literary kind.

Allow myself to briefly speak of the contributions of the several Club writers. You

not (when you offered me the century) as
bad as to offend to you. She is a very capable
man, but, as he has made a great mess of
Nigeria, he is worried, — that, of nothing else.

What am I doing? Committee work
for the Union, especially on the opium question.
Snuck under an interdict for the first time in
ten years (how time has flown!); reading of a
heavy kind, especially in the Lieutenants of Meta-
physics and Cosmogony; original compositions;
Society. Very little of each, only; but I
think Providence for the ability to do even so
much.

I do not wish to be one of a
miscellaneous reader, such as a letter.

Kindest greets

Leslie Clifford Stephen.

Portland, Maine.

March 16. 1854.

Dear Will:-

I got that I could in no fashion in writing you that you will soon hear from Everett with you in the last part. He has nearly had all in a very large part of the Sketches which formed for examination, and tells me that he has not obtained from [illegible] a sufficient specimen that will [illegible] identification [illegible] part. I have seen [illegible] of the kind which this evening [illegible] Thursday [illegible] I have no opinion [illegible] I hope you are right, but, but this may have been a [illegible] your account, I wish you this week that the [illegible]

Why not [illegible] the evidence a second time?

Sincerely yours

Nathan Cliffe Brown

N. C. Brown

Mch. 16, 1884

Portland, Maine

July 4. 1884.

Mr Fish,—

I am very glad to have a copy of your paper on the tides you showed me in Washington, and to see that the Bishop of Exeter could not have written it. It shows a good mind thoroughly and is full of interesting matter, especially of course about the tides. I should say the best little bit of descriptive writing I have noticed in the course of the Pall Mall.

I am made of officials on the 4th of July Monday and find me very much at my ease, perhaps as much as in ordinary times. This is a place where [illegible] something to

H. C. Brown

July 4, 1884

Portland, Maine.

Sept. 23. 1884.

Dear Pete:-

I have come to realize, with the fast three months that my career of life-saving has taken from the ornithological circles and sometimes has it taken me back to birds with all their attractions. Once in a while I feel a desire to back off my collecting paraphernalia and take to the woods, but am present crowded too full with my work of field work in Maine, and Penfield to be satisfied to pursue these. Grand the state Fraternities. So my studies and pleasures have been wholly out of the ornithological line. I haven't wanted my time, however, and just so many hours every day as my strength has warranted me this summer I have devoted to literary work of some kind. Since I was at Cambridge, I have gone carefully through Nuttall's

N. C. Brown

Sept. 23, 1884

Music Reading Writing, Study Laws of Engrav.
& Harm. Book in Use, and such papers as I may find
entitled my study; and I have written out in many com-
plete form, a couple of original notations. I shall go on state
as of course, if they find this an it point.

I am pretty well. I hope you both the faculties
of my physical condition, and complete [illegible] which I could
[illegible] of my intellectual working powers.
Now! adieu, adieu — I to be safe & off after Xs.

How are we get and what have you been
doing? I have that I could not labor me with you
now, and that you have all those [illegible] pleasant conversa-
tions with the other distinguished citizens. Is there anything of
special interest occurring? I hope you will find time to
write me an extended letter if not before the 4th M. in
time when I expect to see you in the afternoon. I
am still much interested in chemical progress, if I do
not succeed, but must try all I can to have found

for formerly.

This provides that Navy Yard [illegible] of [illegible] visits at the Examiner for further practice in Chapel. Where [illegible] to me, I will look [illegible] for further [illegible] and [illegible] visit.

Sincerely yours

Frederick C. Brown

Portland, Maine.

Feb. 28. 1885.

Dear Will:-

N. L. Brown

Feb. 28. 1880

N. C. Brown

July 9, 1888

H. C. Adams
Sept. 8. 1885

80 Virginia St.
Buffalo N.Y.
Sept 8. 1885.

Dear Sir:

I return herewith the Sketches list & the letter of the same author which you request me to write.

I have no copy of Studies, and I was obliged to ask Studies to look over my paper and see whether we quite agree (from Comte) I had made no objection to the reports we all report, but the questions, with the usual kindness of heart, he would be glad of making further & fuller report. I have made the changes which would affect you & the class — the two first and that I have to make to have you suppress my name entirely, if you should at last [illegible] Studies, [illegible] if any one should find out [illegible]

I will write you a long letter, but you really owe me a letter.

Yours

P.S. If you see the notice, and if it goes into the book notice department of the book, you don't of course put in any of my distinguished name but the initials.

Dec 7 1865.

Dear Sir.

I have had my eye on the enemy, and watch them as far as I could see to [illegible] that you were true. But I must say that you put a ugly [illegible] on me. I am perfectly willing to take the [illegible] but would prefer [illegible] of the case which can be made by the [illegible] to the work done by me, but [illegible] [illegible] of new [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

N. C. Brown

Oct. 7. 1885

Lucerne, Switzerland.
Oct. 14, 188[illegible].

Dear Will:

It is a long time, — far too long, I think, — since a letter has passed between us, and I suppose I may fairly blame you for the length of the interval, since I was the one to write last. But I only blame you theoretically, for I know you are busier than you have ever been before in your semi-theological work, besides being harassed by business cares, and I know you find it a terrible necessity at all times to limit your correspondence, on account of our common enemy, — ill health. Now that I break the silence, I have little to tell you about myself and my fair Suite. Versatility has been the ruling characteristic in my existence since that memorable date, Jan. 83, when I ceased to be a bachelor.

I manage [illegible]

ner is likely to have, because I was no longer young at the time I "fell in love", and because I knew my fiancée so much better than it is possible for most men to know their prospective wives, before I married her. I am happy as a benedict, quite as happy generally as a man may be who longs every day of his life to work actively, and is prevented from doing so by bodily frailty. I do work idiot so far as strength permits, and thereby avoid stagnation: I am afraid I cannot truthfully claim a more gratifying result.

But I did not sit down to write you anything but a business letter, and first I will premise, now that I come to the business, let me remind you that we have always been successful in keeping business in its proper place, so far as we are personally concerned, - that is, apart from friendship. I hope you will not now make any infringement upon our

Cuban birds.

I wish to raise money to pay off a debt incurred before my marriage. Since I am obliged as a married man to live closely up to my income (not to exceed it, I am glad to say) I cannot hope to free myself from the burden except by recourse to a forcing process. My first resource is offered in my birds. They number within a few dozen of one thousand specimens, and include my entire second Texas collection, besides all the choice specimens I have got together since I sold my "types" for Princeton. In that lot there were only about eight hundred birds. The present collection is not alone larger; it is much more complete in the larger species represented. The workmanship is better in the present collection, also. For the birds purchased by Scott I received $500.00, but I would sell these I have now for $400.00, with the [illegible]

N. C. Brown

Oct. 14-1887

Sir! Do you wish to buy these birds, either for yourself or for the Nat. Soc.? If you wish to see them, before expressing such a desire or the reverse, you can do so by ending a line to my brother, Philip E. Brown, 218, Middle St., Portland, and he will extend you all necessary facilities, if you decide in favor of a purchase and wish to pack the specimens before my return, which is now fixed for April next. Let me here inform you of the hiding-place of my large birds (— a cabinet shut up in the closet of my mother's guest chamber!

My address is care Heilla, Evans & Co., 75, Lombard St., London.

Sincerely yours,

Nathan C. Brown.

CAPE ✣ COTTAGE

B. C. GIBSON, Proprietor.

P. O. ADDRESS,
PORTLAND, ME.

Cape Elizabeth, Me., Aug. 22, 1889.

Dear Will:

It is a very long time since I heard from you. Where are you, what are you doing, and how are you physically? Do the liners retain their old hold upon you? I am much the same fellow that I was when I last wrote to you, except that I have grown so bald that I have a more intellectual appearance. This is not warranted by fact, for I have little to do with intellectual pursuits, this summer. I bat my baby several hours, every day, play tennis, and fool, and

go to bed early. If it were not that I am coaching a younger brother in French, I should scarcely ever open a book. But such a state of affairs has not been the regular thing with me. I worked hard all last winter and spring, writing fiction. Most of the results have been published, but none of them, I am sorry and disappointed to say, were well paid for. May there be an exception as to the pecuniary recompense in the case of one MS, which still lies in my desk and submits to frequent revision, and to which I have given much thought and labor!

My baby continues robust, big and precocious for her age, winning and beautiful. She has rosy cheeks (a little sunburned now), flaxen hair curling tightly, and dark-brown eyes. A rare combination, you see!

I had an acute attack of urinary calculus, in the spring, but

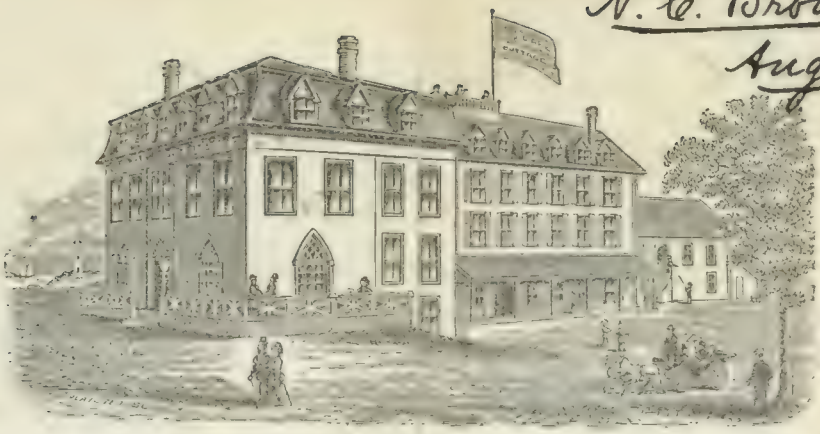
seem to have done with it. My head and liver continue weak, as of old; and, in fact, the old symptoms that took me out of college and business, and kept me out of a profession, have undergone few changes since they first paid me attention, some eighteen years ago. But instead of the enthusiastic youth who went to Newtonville to study bird skins, behold me thoroughly blasé! If it were not for the head and the liver, however, I should have enough and to spare of enthusiasm. It is not the nature of the gentleman that has changed, but his prospects, as seen by himself. I shall never be able to work, and so how can I hope to distinguish myself? I am not melancholy, — only resigned, — and so better off than some men similarly placed.

I am always

Sincerely yours,

Vaughn Clifford Brown

N. C. Brown.
Aug. 22. 1880



CAPE COTTAGE

B. C. GIBSON, Proprietor.

P. O. ADDRESS,
PORTLAND, ME.

Cape Elizabeth, Me., 18

7th East 31st St.
New York City
Feb. 6, 1893.

My dear Will.

Of course I do not need to hunt out to you the vast difference between saying that a name made on Wall St known and being that it was as good as any body. Of course too I do not need to say that I want your honest opinion of my views. But it seems to me that you may not have altogether understood my first letter to you on this subject. I am sure that I do

not think that no body ever made a machine as good as mine. I do think however, that no body makes things so uniformly excellent as mine. And therefore would be my value to an institution or to an individual, — on the uniformity of their excellence, if I am right in my estimate of them.

If you don't consider my skins unequalled in ~~excellence~~ uniformity of excellence you can not pay for; and I should be very glad to be let out, if you don't pay for. It is quite true that nothing may come of this steel or any of mine.

I want to go and it will
prepare however; and though a
qualified recommendation might
be somewhat better than none,
it would certainly not be ex-
tremely valuable. So I write
you again, really mean it
honor if you think my claims
are equalled in this state our
formity of excellence and who
the horseman may be.

Sincerely yours

Peter C. Ross

P.S. Don't consider my claims
forfeited by any means. They might
be the best in spite of faults etc.

C.

Nathan C. Brown
Feby 18-1893.

Nathan C. Brown

Feby. 22-1893.

7 East 31st St.,
New York City
Feb. 22nd 1893.

My dear Will:-

When I had read your letter of yesterday this morning, I said to myself

"What have I done to deserve this formality?"

But when I looked a little farther, I saw that things were not so bad as I feared!

I am much obliged to you for the letter of recommendation, which is more than a valuable lesson in indirection a

desire to say nothing of which you do not feel sure.

I scarcely realized until today how little you have seen of my later work on large birds. It is two or three years since I went about it for the first time, I did a great deal of it; and I have tried to reach perfection in it as I had previously tried with small birds. I send you one of the skins on which I produced to the Portland Event of Natural History. Until you see those skins, or others which I may make in the future, you

have really little idea of what I can do in that line. If the men you name can equal my humble labors and zeal in the cabinets of the K. N. A. they must have devoted painful elaboration to their work. I did. I should like to see you on this thing - if they have resigned let me come.

Of course I should come early to collect for you, and I think you will not give a commission to any other, unless I have definitely given

Chicago. Perhaps I ought to
count a note of warning and
and perhaps it is entirely un-
necessary to do so, — of the effect
that, to retain its symmetry, a
thing must have time to be
thought. I should have to
stay some time in a place, in
order to produce good work.

I will let you know
how this Chicago matter gets on
and we can then compare notes
from time to time.

Come and see me, if
you find yourself in New York.

Yours ever,

Wm. M. Rossetti.

Nathan C. Brown
March 7-1893.

7 E. 31st St.
New York City
March 7, 1893.

Dear Sir,

I feel that the Museum of Science has no superior in charge of its natural history department, and indeed few have got so much department of it. Since making the progress of my school class, though I do not think it necessarily doomed to failure even for the present. I think, however, as the season is almost here, that I should like to get some of your ideas as to the localities from which you want collections, and as to the arrangements you would make

with me, if I became your agent. I think, too, that I ought to make it clear to you, before we devote any more thought to the matter, — in fact it is not already clear, — that I mean to devote a good deal of time to my work. I can make claims as fast as anyone, I believe, for I have at times worked very fast; but I am, frankly, unwilling to do this, since the claims suffer for it, and with them myself. I would not have you suspect that I wish by this explanation to save myself labor. Far from it. I always work hard, when I am in the field, as must be apparent, I think, from

the eye of the enemy collecting a
[illegible] made. Still it is quite true
that I aim at the best quality
rather than at numbers.

Have anything ever been
done with North Western Vermont?
With no books at hand, I know
of nothing. It is a section I had
my eye on before I went abroad.
Lying west of the Green Mts,
with the Richelieu leading direct
to the St Lawrence Valley, and with
no connections [illegible] to the N.Y.
it ought to have some interesting
[illegible] matters. I do not mean
the Lake Champlain district, but
the country lying between the
Winooski, the Connecticut and the

mountains and east of the
lane. I know nothing about
the climate of that country so
cold that its geographical features
as yet. Do you know whether
it is cultivated or not?

Yours truly

Asa Gray

N. C. Brown
March-15-1893.

7 E. 31st St.,
New York City,
March 15, 1893.

My dear Will:—

I have delayed my reply to your letter of the 9th, hoping to have something definite to write you about my Chicago plan. Nothing has yet developed. I haven't yet even heard from President Harper. But he is a very busy man, and his silence need not necessarily be construed unfavorably. It is only one week to-day, since I first wrote to him direct.

In the meantime, however, the season is drawing near, and I have found no other "strings to pull"

the one that base to confider and to your eftablishment. So I should like to know, if possible, exactly what arrangements one might make. Your experience with collectors, if not extended, at least totally eclipses mine; for I haven't the faintest idea how much they receive for their work. If they receive a certain sum per week, for instance, I should not expect to be paid any more than an average workman, because what I should gain in quality I should lose in quantity. I do not know, but I believe it probable, that most collectors of specimens work at least twice as fast as I do. Naturally, then, if they work as hard and as long,

they ought to be worth as much per week, simply from a business standpoint, as I am. I do not admit that one hundred poor hirelings are worth as much as fifty very excellent ones. I suppose that the two lots would bring about the same sum in the market: and that, it seems to me, is the point. Do you endorse this reasoning?

This is the way I feel about southern Connecticut:

So far as my knowledge of that section goes, it is everywhere pretty thickly settled. Now a thickly settled district is a difficult one, morally and physically, to collect in, and it is especially difficult when it is new to the collector. I should

naturally prefer to work in milder country, and I should undertake the Connecticut district with a certain amount of anxiety.

Will you, then, let me know what you would be willing to give me for my work, and when you would like me to begin? I do not wish you to say that you will positively give me a commission, under certain conditions, unless you prefer to state the matter thus. If, however, you can inform me as to the above two details, reserving, if you wish, any actual decision upon your willingness to undertake this expedition through me, I shall wait upon President Harper with less impatience.

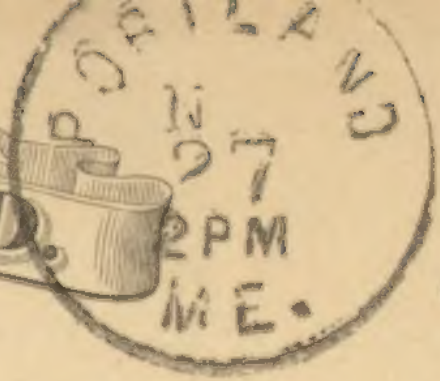
Sincerely yours, N. C. Brown.

Portland
Monday

Dear Mr Brewster:— Your box of skins arrived safely, with its contents in good order. Both Atwood and myself were very much pleased with our birds, though we think you rather gave us the better of the bargain. A lady of my acquaintance recently captured a spec. of Tyler and Atwater with her cloak! Did I tell you of it? It is the only one ever taken here by any of my friends. Nothing else of interest has occurred.

I am Sincerely Yours
N. C. B.

POSTAL CARD.



WRITE THE ADDRESS ON THIS SIDE—THE MESSAGE ON THE OTHER

Mr William Brewster
Cambridge
Mass.